Theme: 12. Safety techniques

2 12/1. The following items may represent a danger for the driver during maintenance and servicing the vehicle: the rotating components of the internal combustion engine the chemical processes related to the air-fuel mixture formed in the carburettor 2 12/2. The following items may represent a danger for the driver during maintenance and servicing the vehicle: the processes related to the air-fuel mixture formed in the carburettor 2 12/2. The following items may represent a danger for the driver during maintenance and servicing the vehicle: the processes related to the air-fuel mixture formed in the carburettor 2 12/2. The following items may represent a danger for the driver during maintenance and servicing the vehicle: 2 12/3. Is there any danger for the driver associated to electric cables when performing maintenance and servicing the vehicle? 2 12/3. Is there any danger for the driver associated to electric cables when performing maintenance and servicing the vehicle? 2 12/3. Is there any danger for the driver associated to electric cables when performing maintenance and servicing the vehicle? 2 12/6. In order to avoid injury when working on rotating components, repair of the engine is performed: with the engine running and the clutch disengaged with the transmission switched to neutral with the engine and the vehicle stopped 2 12/7. When opening the cap of the cooling system radiator at a coolant temperature above 70 degrees, there is a danger	nages
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there is no danger when working in the presence of an open	
it is not allowed to work in the presence of open fire (flame)	
there are no bans, instruction and recommendations regarding work in the presence of open fire (flame)	
2 12/10. Fire hazard would be the greatest in case of improper maintenance:	
of vehicles with diesel engines	
of vehicles with engines burning petrol or propane-butane gas	
2 12/11. If fuel is spilled on the vehicle while charging, the vehicle must be cleaned and dried, as:	
petrol vapours are highly flammable and fire-hazardous	
petrol causes corrosion	

2	12/12.	If fuel is spilled on the vehicle while charging, is it allowed to work with an open flame in the close proximity to the spill? no, because petrol vapours are highly toxic no, because petrol vapours are highly explosive and fire- hazardous there is no danger when working with an open flame close to the petrol spill	
2	12/13.	In case of fire in the vehicle, it should be extinguished: by cutting off the access of air to the fire by improving the access of air by increasing its speed by improving the access of air by increasing its pressure	
2	12/14.	In case of fire in the vehicle it is extinguished by: by using a fire extinguisher by using water	
2	12/15.	When working on a vehicle lifted by a jack:there are no associated dangers and there are no rules to be observedmeasures must be taken against the vehicle moving on its own measures must be taken against falling of the vehicle of the jackmeasures must be taken against an engine start	
2	12/16.	When working on a vehicle lifted by a jack: the vehicle clutch is disengaged the parking brake is engaged the transmission box is switched to direct gear	
2	12/17.	Mechanical jacks used for partial lifting of a vehicle: must be fitted to special beds formed in the frame, bumpers or other suitable places may be attached to the frame or the axles without any special beds designed for such a purpose are attached to the most convenient place	
2	12/18.	With the engine running, the removal of a high-voltage cable of the ignition system and bringing it close to the vehicle "mass" near components of the fuel system is: forbidden, as the resulting spark may cause a current shock or fire necessary, in order to check the presence of high-voltage current compulsory, in order to check the serviceability of the ignition system	
2	12/19.	The insulation of the ignition system cables must be maintained in a good state, as the occurrence of a spark in the open increases the danger of a current shock or fire. correct incorrect	