Theme: 3. Contract for the transportation of passengers

2			Graphic images
	3/1.0.	By force of the contract for the transportation of passengers the carrier is obliged to transport the passengers and their luggage to a specified destination, and the passenger assumes the obligation to pay the price for transportation.	
		correct	
		incorrect	
2	3/1.1.	By force of the contract for the transportation of passengers:	
		the carrier is obliged to transport the passengers and their luggage to a specified destination	
		the carrier is obliged to transport only the passengers to a specified destination	
		the passenger assumes the obligation to pay the price for transportation	
		the carrier is obliged to stop also at stops as requested by the passengers	
2	3/2.0	The transport document for the transportation of passengers along bus lines is:	
		an individual ticket	
		a group ticket	
		an invoice	
2	3/2.1	The transport document for the transportation of passengers along bus lines is either an individual or a group ticket.	
		correct	
		incorrect	
2	3/2.2	The transport document for specialized transportation of passengers is:	
		a card for specialized transportation	
		an individual ticket	
		a group ticket	
2	3/2.3	The transport document for the occasional transportation of passengers is an invoice:	
		correct	
		incorrect	
2	3/3.0.	The validity of the contract for the transportation of passengers along bus lines does not depend on the issuance, validity or loss of the ticket.	
		correct	
		incorrect	
2	3/3.1.	Does the validity of the contract for the transportation of passengers depend on the validity of the ticket issued for this service?	
		yes, in all cases	
		depends on the assessment of the driver	
		no	

2	3/3.2.	Does the loss of the ticket for transportation render the contract for transportation invalid?	
		yes	
		no	
2	3/4.	The following is issued for the purposes of the transportation of passengers:	
		a luggage receipt for each individual piece of luggage delivered for transportation in the luggage compartment of the bus	
		a single luggage receipt for all items of luggage of a passenger	
		a group luggage receipt is issued in case of group tickets	
2	3/5.	The luggage receipt is used to establish:	
		that the luggage belongs to the passenger	
		the weight of the luggage	
		the address of the owner of the luggage	
2	3/6.	Are passengers entitled to request a luggage receipt to be issued for the luggage delivered for transportation in the luggage compartment of the bus?	
		yes, always	
		no, the passenger ticket is enough	
		no, the delivered luggage is recorded on the ticket	
2	3/7.0.	Does a passenger owe an additional fee for the issuance of a luggage receipt?	
		yes	
		no	
2	3/7.1.	Is it allowed to collect an additional fee for the issuance of a luggage receipt?	
		yes	
		no	
2	3/8.	Are the ticket and the luggage receipt considered as evidence for the data entered therein?	
		yes, in all cases	
		yes, until proven untrue	
		no	
2	3/9.	The sample of the tickets used for public transportation of passengers is approved by:	
		the Minister of Economy	
		the Minister of Transport, Information Technology and Communications	
		the Minister of Finance	
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2	3/10.	The following must be indicated on the tickets used for public transportation of passengers:	
		the registration number of the vehicle performing transportation	
		the name of the carrier the address of the carrier	
		the name of the driver	
2	3/11.	Is it allowed not to combine a luggage receipt with a ticket for transportation?	
		yes	
		no	

2	3/12.	In case the luggage receipt is not combined with a ticket,	
		it must contain the following data:	
		the name of the carrier	
		the address of the carrier	
		the names of the passenger	
		the name of the driver	
2	3/13.	In case the luggage receipt is combined with a ticket, which is not individual, it must contain:	
		the names of the passenger	
		the name of the carrier	
		the address of the carrier	
2	3/14.	Is it allowed to transfer a ticket issued for the transportation of a passenger by road to another person:	
		yes, but only in case the ticket is not individual	
		yes, before the start of the transport operation	
		no	
2	3/15.	The transported luggage is delivered:	
		to any passenger claiming the item of luggage	
		only to the bearer of the luggage receipt	
		upon presentation of an identification document	
2	3/16.	Is the driver obliged to deliver the luggage to a passenger, who cannot present the luggage receipt?	
		yes	
		no, unless there is evidence for the right to claim the luggage	
		no, until the receipt is presented	
2	3/17.	Unclaimed luggage is kept by the carrier on the account of a passenger for a period of:	
		one month	
		three months	
		one year	
2	3/18.	On whose account is the carrier keeping unclaimed luggage of a passenger?	
		on the account of the carrier	
		on the account of the driver	
		on the account of the passenger	
2	3/19.	The carrier is liable for any injury of a passenger as a result of an accident related to a performed transport operation while the passenger:	
		has been boarding the vehicle	
		has been getting off the vehicle	
		has been passing in front of or behind the vehicle after getting off	
2	3/20.	In case of an accident during transport, the carrier:	
		is responsible for the life of the passenger	
		is liable for any injury caused to the passenger	
		is not liable for a mental damage to the passenger	
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2	3/21.	The carrier is responsible for any physical or mental injury to a passenger incurred as a result of an accident:	
		only while loading the luggage	
		only while unloading the luggage	
		while loading and unloading the luggage	
2	3/22.	Is the carrier liable for a physical injury to a passenger as a result of an accident, which has occurred because of the condition of the vehicle?	
		yes	
		no	
2	3/23.	Is the carrier liable for a physical injury to a passenger as a result of an accident, which has occurred because of the physical state of the driver?	
		yes	
		no	
2	3/24.	The carrier is liable for the damage of the transported luggage caused by an accident as a result of:	
		the physical state of the driver	
		the condition of the vehicle	
		by the passenger's fault	
2	3/25.0.	Is the carrier responsible for damage to the luggage in the vehicle?	
		yes, in all cases	
		yes, except in the cases when the damage is a result of defects of the luggage	
		no	
2	3/25.1.	The carrier is responsible for damage to the luggage in the vehicle except when the damage occurred is due to the characteristics of the luggage.	
		correct	
		incorrect	
2	3/25.2.	The carrier is liable for the damage or loss of the luggage in the vehicle except when it is due to:	
		the characteristics of the luggage	
		defects of the luggage	
		the design of the vehicle	
2	3/26.0.	Is the carrier liable for damages to the luggage in the vehicle?	
		yes, in all cases	
		yes, except when the damage occurred is a fault of the passenger	
		no	
2	3/26.1.	The carrier is relieved partially or in whole from liability for damages, which have occurred:	
		by fault of the passenger	
		as a result of the behaviour of the passenger (outside the framework of what is considered a normal behaviour of a passenger)	
		by fault of the driver	
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2	3/27.	The carrier is liable to pay compensation for the complete or partial loss of luggage, which has occurred during transportation, but not more than:	
		BGN 200 per piece of luggage	
		BGN 500 per piece of luggage	
		BGN 1000 per piece of luggage	
2	3/28.	The carrier is liable to pay compensation for the complete or partial loss, or for the damage of luggage, but not more than BGN 1000 per piece of luggage.	
		correct	
		incorrect	
2	3/29.	Luggage shall be considered as lost if not delivered within a period of:	
		10 days after the date, on which the luggage was claimed by the passenger	
		14 days after the date, on which the luggage was claimed by the passenger	
		30 days after the date, on which the luggage was claimed by the passenger	